

COVER STORY

Rural women's progress 'inspirational' under SUCCESS Programme: EU Ambassador

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OVERVIEW, MAP & DATA

Mapping and detailed statistical information on the social mobilisation outreach of the Rural Support Programmes, including cumulative and district-specific data.

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OUTREACH #31

THE RURAL SUPPORT PROGRAMMES' SOCIAL MOBILISATION NEWSLETTER

September - December 2016



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RURAL SUPPORT PROGRAMMES NETWORK

Rural women's progress 'inspirational' under SUCCESS Programme: EU Ambassador



EU Ambassador His Excellency Mr. Jean-François Cautain and his wife Mrs. Sonia Cautain pose for a group photo with Sindh Union Council and Community Economic Strengthening Support (SUCCESS) Programme implementation team at SRSO Complex Sukkur.

The Ambassador of the European Union Delegation to Pakistan His Excellency Mr. Jean-François Cautain and his wife Mrs. Sonia Cautain visited the Sindh Union Council and Community Economic Strengthening Support (SUCCESS) Programme intervention district, Larkana and Union Council Based Poverty Reduction Programme (UCBPRP) intervention district, Shikarpur from December 9 to 12, 2016. The purpose of the visit was to observe the current progress that has taken place under both the programmes. In addition to the field visits, the EU envoy also participated in different meetings and events, including a meeting with Commissioner Sukkur and Mayor Sukkur. He also held an exclusive dialogue with women leaders who came from various Village Organisations (VOs) and Local Support Organisations (LSOs) and their networks, which were formed under the UCBPRP.

Speaking to women, the Mr. Cautain expressed great pleasure upon witnessing the progress of women who have been organised a few months ago under the SUCCESS Programme. He overwhelmingly remarked that the people of Europe would be quite happy and satisfied to know that their tax money is being utilised by the women leaders who are representing the remotest areas, in order to change the lives of thousands of masses. He added that the work rural

organised women leaders are doing in district Larkana is simply inspirational.

In his concluding remarks, the Ambassador said, "I have been living in Islamabad for more than a year and also had opportunity to live in Peshawar in past, so I am familiar with Pashtoon Culture but discovering Sindh is completely different experience. I found culture of Sindh full of colours and people so welcoming. I felt a connection with the people here specially this women led Social Mobilisation has really moved me a lot. I am going back to Islamabad with totally changed perception of Sindh. I really want to come back next year or maybe after few years to see how these women institutions are working. I want to be part of their lives as much as I can during my stay in Pakistan."

Mrs. Sonia Cautain also spoke to the VO leaders and told them that it was a great moment for her to see the motivation and plans of organised women members. She said that she would love to visit this district again after a few years to observe the change that rural women will bring in their area.

The guests also planted trees in the villages to mark the start of a new beginning under the SUCCESS Programme.

HIGHLIGHTS

EU's monitoring mission visits SUCCESS Programme areas

The Results Oriented Monitoring (ROM) Mission of the European Union visited the Sindh Union Council and Community Economic Strengthening Support (SUCCESS) Programme implementation areas and implementing partner Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) from November 14 to November 27, 2016. The aim of ROM system, implemented by external contractors and experts, is to support EU services in project monitoring and reporting functions.

The purpose of the ROM mission's visit was to conduct a third-party evaluation of RSPs performance of RSPs in SUCCESS Programme during their first year and to support end-of-year reporting on results. The evaluation studies whether the results for the first year of the programme, as agreed upon in the contract, have been achieved or not.

Mr. Massimo Canossa, ROM Review Monitor, visited National Rural Support Programme (NRSP), Sindh Rural Support Organisation (SRSO), Thardeep Rural Development Programme (TRDP) and RSPN where he undertook monitoring and evaluation of the programme. The evaluation examined the performance of the three

partner RSPs, and RSPN against the four standard evaluation criteria comprising relevance, efficiency, effectiveness and sustainability. At the end of the visit, Mr. Canossa prepared a monitoring report to present findings and the recommendations by the ROM mission, which was widely shared with all partner RSPs and the EU.

Earlier, RSPN engaged an external consultant, Mr. Izhar Ali Hunzai to perform an internal evaluation of the first year's activities of RSPN's component of the SUCCESS Programme. The evaluation had two primary components covering accountability to stakeholders and learning to improve effectiveness.

This first evaluation of the RSPN component examined its performance against relevance, efficiency, effectiveness and sustainability. The programme overall was rated 4 on a scale of 1 to 5, signifying major strengths of the approach, good design feature and high quality of results delivered and adopted by implementing partners. The main reasons for the RSPN component's achievement are appropriate and superior technical support to its implementing partners.

TAHAFUZ

Resilience building through customised training

With a clear purpose to foster communities to withstand calamities and emergencies in the disasters prone districts of Sindh, RSPN, under USAID-OFDA funded Community Based Disaster Risk Management (CBDRM) Tahafuz project, tailored a number of training courses to further enhance capacities of target beneficiaries on Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR). From October to December 2016, a total of 100 members from Village Disaster Management Committees (VDMCs) were trained on Participatory Disaster Risk Assessment and Disaster Risk Management & Planning.

These training courses helped VDMC members to formulate remaining six Disaster Risk Management Plans (DRMPs) for their respective revenue villages. In addition to training of VDMCs, 118 members from Union Disaster Management Committees (UDMCs) also received training in Organisational Management & Development (OM&D) and Advocacy & Networking (A&N), enabling them to learn about leadership, planning, financial management, negotiation skills and DRR advocacy.

RSPN also held training sessions for sixty local media persons to sensitise them on the role of media for disaster risk reduction. Similarly, 325 school teachers were also sensitised through personalised training courses on School Based Disaster Preparedness (SBDP), formation of school evacuation & school contingency plans, covering all DRR



A CRP conducts a community awareness session on DRR in a village in Tharparkar.

measures at school level and roles and responsibilities of different stakeholders in SBDP. Moreover, 509 recently elected local bodies' representatives were also engaged for capacity building on DRR to work closely with the locals and creating linkages with the government's relevant departments for interventions to mitigate the risks of disasters. These initiatives help in building a pool of trained human resource to work effectively for DRR as well as pre, during and post disastrous situations.

118 more community members were engaged as Community Resource Persons (CRP), who conducted 3,586 awareness sessions on DRR at the household level involving men, women and even children.

OUR SOCIAL MOBILISATION OUTREACH*

397,076

COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS

6,745,144

ORGANISED HOUSEHOLDS

6,936,905

COMMUNITY ORGANISATION MEMBERS

125

DISTRICTS + FATA/FRS WITH RSP PRESENCE

3,870

RURAL UNION COUNCILS WITH RSP PRESENCE

1,334

LOCAL SUPPORT ORGANISATIONS (347 WOMEN ONLY LSOs)

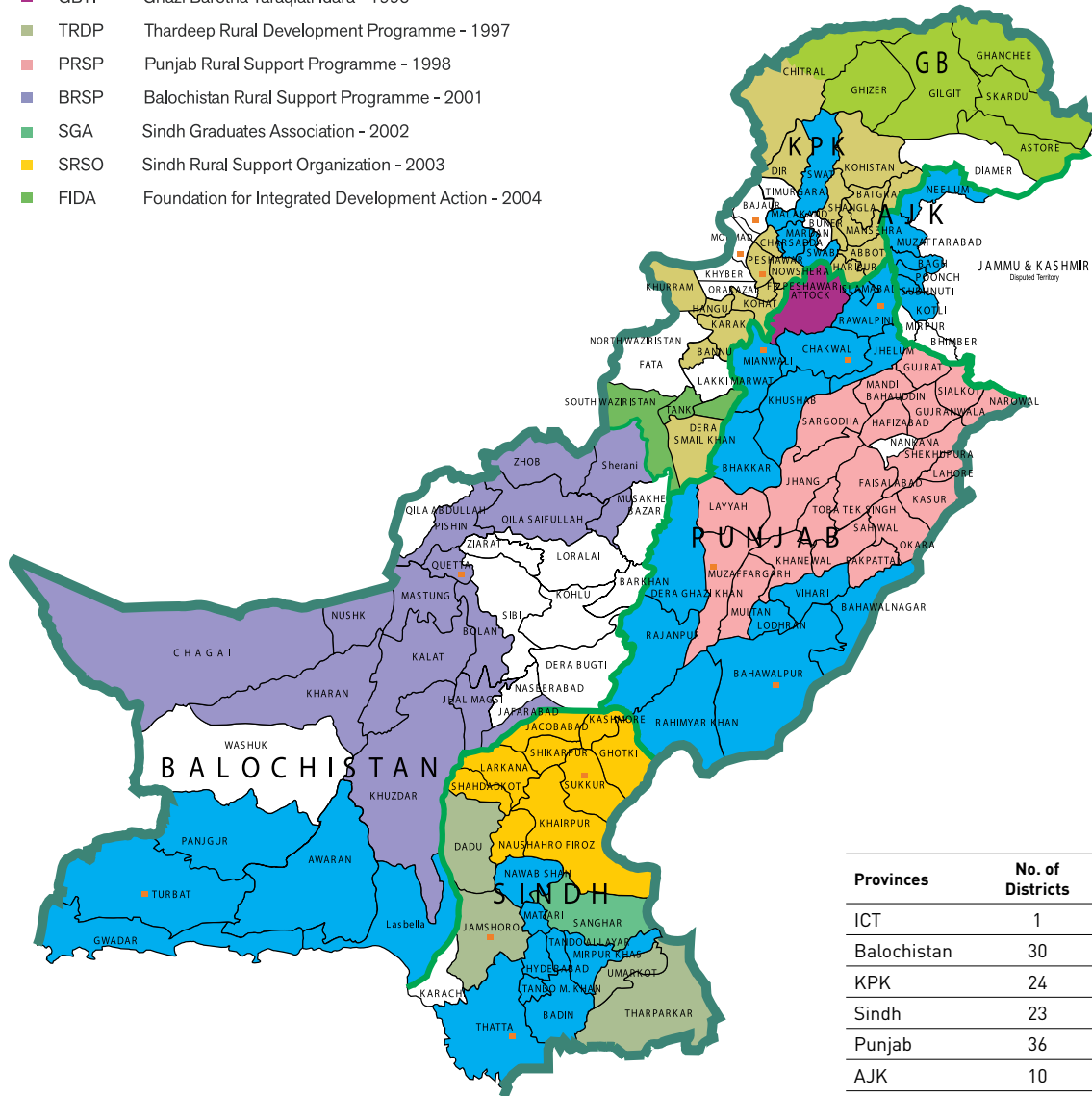
List of Local Support Organisation (LSOs) as of 30 September 2016

		Province/Administrative Units						Total
		AJ&K	Balochistan	GB	KP	Punjab	Sindh	
1	Aga Khan RSP	-	-	57	18	-	-	75
2	Balochistan RSP	-	75	-	-	-	-	75
3	Ghazi Barotha Tarqiati Idara	-	-	-	6	10	-	16
4	National RSP	121	70	-	47	377	57	672
5	Punjab RSP	-	-	-	-	148	-	148
6	Sindh Graduate Association	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
7	Sindh Rural Support Organisation	-	-	-	-	-	138	138
8	Sarhad RSP	-	-	-	150	-	-	150
9	Thardeep Rural Development Programme	-	-	-	-	-	59	59
	Total	121	145	57	221	535	255	1,334

*DATA AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

The Outreach of the Rural Support Programmes Across Pakistan

- AKRSP Aga Khan Rural Support Programme - 1982
- SRSP Sarhad Rural Support Programme - 1989
- NRSP National Rural Support Programme - 1992
- IRM Institute of Rural Management - 1993
- GBTI Ghazi Barotha Taraqiati Idara - 1995
- TRDP Thardeep Rural Development Programme - 1997
- PRSP Punjab Rural Support Programme - 1998
- BRSP Balochistan Rural Support Programme - 2001
- SGA Sindh Graduates Association - 2002
- SRSO Sindh Rural Support Organization - 2003
- FIDA Foundation for Integrated Development Action - 2004



Provinces	No. of Districts	RSP's presence in Districts
ICT	1	1
Balochistan	30	22
KPK	24	23
Sindh	23	22
Punjab	36	36
AJK	10	10
GB	7	6
FATA/FRs	13	5
Total	144	125

RSPs are present in 125 districts including 5 FATA/FR Agencies.



Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, Cumulative Progress as of September 2016

INDICATORS	AJKRSP+	AKRSP	BRSP	GBTI	NRSP	PRSP	SGA	SRSO	SRSP	TRDP	TOTAL	
# of RSP working districts/areas**	8	7	17	3	58	21	1	9	27	4	125	
# of rural union councils with RSP presence*	136	118	214	22	2,126	743	13	344	660	127	3,870	
# of organised households	102,320	113,737	223,010	36,515	2,978,654	1,412,161	16,500	604,862	958,716	298,669	6,745,144	
# of Local Support Organisations (LSOs)	-	75	75	16	672	148	1	138	150	59	1,334	
	Women COs	1,577	2,171	4,279	1,827	87,412	36,890	410	33,623	12,995	9,986	191,170
	Men COs	2,138	2,893	9,972	1,436	85,764	49,658	450	4,159	27,256	5,927	189,653
# of Community Organisations (COs) formed	Mix COs	1,035	-	57	-	13,097	-	40	-	2,024	16,253	
	Total	4,750	5,064	14,308	3,263	186,273	86,548	860	37,822	40,251	17,937	397,076
	Women	44,063	84,455	69,106	30,249	1,645,882	594,411	10,845	566,200	260,938	204,121	3,510,270
# of CO members	Men	58,257	121,509	163,047	26,508	1,332,772	831,348	11,348	38,662	697,778	145,406	3,426,635
	Total	102,320	205,964	232,153	56,757	2,978,654	1,425,759	22,193	604,862	958,716	349,527	6,936,905
	Women	24	129	6	5	237	69	-	117	75	86	748
Amount of savings of COs (Rs. Million)	Men	12	371	9	4	1,308	68	1	6	149	123	2,051
	Total	36	501	14	10	1,544	136	1	123	224	209	2,798
	Women	10,954	58,935	56,463	2,907	235,045	170,920	4,830	187,012	126,883	151,676	1,005,625
# of community members trained in managerial skills (CMST/LMST/etc.)	Men	6,385	27,944	130,996	2,591	246,626	365,810	4,830	11,937	190,597	69,194	1,056,910
	Total	17,339	86,879	187,459	5,498	481,671	536,730	9,660	198,949	317,480	220,870	2,062,535
	Women	-	-	13,448	10,972	103,495	292,285	-	50,182	51,755	13,026	535,163
# of individuals trained in technical & vocational skills	Men	-	-	81,326	3,326	44,987	239,143	-	3,203	69,185	2,222	443,392
	Total	-	-	94,774	14,298	148,482	531,428	-	53,385	120,940	15,248	978,555
Community Investment Fund (CIF)	# of LSOs managing CIF	6	12	2	3	259	2	-	45	-	6	335
	# of VOs managing CIF	-	-	-	11	93	34	-	3,765	320	738	4,961
	# of CIF borrowers	1,094	2,055	20	96	78,004	4,419	-	101,702	40,765	17,911	246,066
	Total amount of CIF disbursed (Rs. million)	16	16	1	1	1,289	67.96	-	1,064	446	242	3,143
	Women	79	195	9	963	68,287	6,681.87	-	7,200	414	5,417	89,246
Amount of micro-credit disbursement (Rs. Million)	Men	59	833	16	116	56,913	8,771.27	-	1,010	288	5,494	73,499
	Total	138	1,028	25	1,079	125,200	15,453	-	8,210	702	10,911	162,746
	Women	4,764	74,813	1,156	53,050	3,520,479	413,563	-	400,660	36,012	370,088	4,874,585
# of loans	Men	3,217	546,311	1,600	7,139	2,990,498	552,945	-	57,080	25,567	290,896	4,475,253
	Total	7,981	621,124	2,756	60,189	6,510,977	966,508	-	457,740	61,579	660,984	9,349,838
	Women	-	74,813	-	47,354	1,378,206	-	-	413,704	5,834	109,128	2,029,039
# of health micro insurance schemes	Men	-	546,311	-	8,456	2,353,026	-	-	41,940	21,566	84,365	3,055,664
	Total	-	621,124	-	55,810	3,731,232	-	-	455,644	27,400	193,493	5,084,703
# of PPI/CPI schemes completed		1,637	3,576	1,462	725	33,493	6,433	16	39,954	9,280	63,380	159,956
# of beneficiary households of completed CPIs		100,347	284,440	121,490	25,761	1,453,685	674,798	-	236,955	1,989,214	311,222	5,197,912
Total cost of completed CPIs (Rs. Million)		636	1,825	920	329	9,103	1,675.2	20	2,678	7,973	1,726	26,885
# of community schools established	Girls	355	867	141	3	545	157	25	9	88	113	2,303
	Girls	11,370	2,900	4,453	780	9,852	4,513	3,526	873	2,182	1,947	42,396
# of students enrolled	Boys	9,922	7,375	5,543	608	10,537	3,719	5,110	848	3,046	707	47,415
	Total	21,292	10,275	9,996	1,388	20,389	8,232	8,636	1,721	5,228	2,654	89,811
	Women	-	-	-	-	22,888	-	-	-	4,646	-	27,534
# of adults graduated in adult literacy	Men	-	-	-	-	2,494	-	-	-	722	-	3,216
	Total	-	-	-	-	25,382	-	-	-	5,368	-	30,750
	Women	31	1,243	1,688	95	3,153	8,442	410	4,777	1,066	867	21,772
# of traditional birth attendants / health workers trained	Men	-	-	-	-	-	1,770	-	-	467	675	2,912
	Total	31	1,243	1,688	95	3,153	10,212	410	4,777	1,533	1,542	24,684

Note: ** The 125 include 120 districts and 5 Federally Administered Tribal Areas. Punjab RSP after restructuring in mid 2011, closed its operation in four districts, Chiniot, Nankana Sahib, DG Khan and Rajanpur.

* The total figure for districts/areas and union councils excludes 29 overlapping districts (presence of multiple RSP) and 620 overlapping union councils

+ Data pertaining to AJKRSP updated as at March 2013.

Overall 105 UCs coverage increased during reporting period ie Jul-Sep 2016

Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, District-wise RSPs Coverage/Outreach as of September 2016

S. No.	Name of District	Total rural and Peri-Urban UCs in the District	Union Councils Having RSPs Presence			Total rural HHs in the District (1998 Census)	Households Organised				Community Organisations Formed			# of LSOs as of June 2016	RSP
			# as of June 2016	# as of Sep. 2016	% coverage as of Sep 2016		# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Sep 2016	# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr		
ISLAMABAD															
1	ICT	12	12	12	100.0	43,884	29,764	29,764	-	67.8	1,727	1,727	-	5	NRSP
1	Sub Total	12	12	12	100.0	43,884	29,764	29,764	-	67.8	1,727	1,727	-	5	
BALOCHISTAN															
1	Awaran	12	12	12	100.0	22,144	10,089	10,294	2.0	46.5	611	627	2.6	5	NRSP
2	Barkhan	8	-	-	-	13,787	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Bolan	27	1	1	3.7	35,003	2,434	2,434	-	7.0	109	109	-	1	BRSP
4	Chaqui	10	-	-	-	13,570	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Dera Bugti	12	1	2	16.7	27,337	602	1,033	71.6	3.8	40	79	97.5	1	BRSP
6	Gawadar	19	19	19	100.0	16,691	36,326	36,326	-	217.6	1,909	1,909	-	12	NRSP
7	Harnai	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Jhal Magsi	9	9	9	100.0	16,184	16,552	16,552	-	102.3	1,068	1,068	-	9	BRSP
9	Jaffarabad	46	29	29	63.0	52,664	8,739	8,739	-	16.6	163	163	-	3	BRSP
10	Kallat	18	15	15	83.3	31,396	28,829	28,829	-	91.8	1,870	1,870	-	-	BRSP
11	Kech / Turbat	43	43	43	100.0	70,164	49,149	49,149	-	70.0	2,246	2,246	-	28	NRSP
12	Kharan	7	7	7	100.0	14,328	15,739	15,739	-	109.8	942	942	-	7	BRSP
13	Khuzdar	35	28	28	80.0	60,032	40,932	41,119	0.5	68.5	2,552	2,564	0.5	14	BRSP
14	Killa Abdullah	25	2	2	8.0	44,863	4,231	4,411	4.3	9.8	270	282	4.4	2	BRSP
15	Killa Saifullah	15	13	13	86.7	28,796	19,117	19,117	-	66.4	1,220	1,220	-	-	BRSP
16	Kohlu	8	-	-	-	15,156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Lasbella	28	28	28	100.0	34,637	24,326	27,637	13.6	79.8	1,467	1,871	27.5	11	NRSP
18	Loralai	23	23	23	100.0	39,770	10,923	11,206	2.6	28.2	966	994	2.9	13	BRSP
19	Mastung	13	13	13	100.0	18,831	18,831	18,831	-	100.0	1,389	1,389	-	4	BRSP
20	Musa Khel	10	-	-	-	19,126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Naseerabad	24	-	-	-	34,981	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Noshki	10	1	1	10.0	13,570	60	60	-	0.4	4	4	-	-	BRSP
23	Panjgoor	22	22	22	100.0	35,703	23,844	23,844	-	66.8	1,329	1,329	-	14	NRSP
24	Pishin	38	35	35	92.1	55,654	24,320	24,320	-	43.7	1,591	1,591	-	10	BRSP
25	Quetta	47	5	5	10.6	25,232	1,674	1,674	-	6.6	137	137	-	-	BRSP
26	Sherani	7	7	7	100.0	10,608	2,520	2,520	-	23.8	118	118	-	-	BRSP
27	Sibi	11	-	-	-	19,815	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Washuk	9	-	-	-	18,422	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Zhob	21	21	21	100.0	21,118	25,593	25,838	1.0	122.4	1,712	1,728	0.9	11	BRSP
30	Ziarat	10	3	3	30.0	4,609	588	588	-	12.8	50	50	-	-	BRSP
22	Sub Total	577	334	338	58.6	814,191	365,418	370,260	1.3	45.5	21,763	22,290	2.4	145	
KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA (KPK)															
1	Abbottabad	54	51	51	94.4	115,585	58,137	58,201	0.1	50.4	2,040	2,043	0.1	15	SRSP
2	Bannu	49	3	3	6.1	65,010	580	580	-	-	25	25	-	-	SRSP
3	Battagram	20	18	20	100.0	46,053	36,501	36,501	-	79.3	1,502	1,502	-	10	SRSP
4	Buner	27	1	1	3.7	56,591	269	269	-	0.5	19	19	-	-	NRSP
4	Buner (OL)	27	21	21	77.8	56,591	26,886	28,104	4.5	49.7	1,247	1,300	4.3	7	SRSP
5	Charsadda	49	27	27	55.1	102,361	13,046	13,046	-	12.7	764	764	-	2	NRSP
5	Charsadda (OL)	49	37	47	95.9	102,361	38,112	38,112	-	37.2	1,658	1,658	-	5	SRSP
6	Chitral	24	24	24	100.0	36,879	34,914	34,914	-	94.7	1,680	1,680	-	18	AKRSP
6	Chitral (OL)	24	24	24	100.0	36,879	64,453	67,605	4.9	183.3	2,259	2,404	6.4	4	SRSP
7	Dir Upper	32	32	32	100.0	70,230	85,964	88,082	2.5	125.4	3,083	3,178	3.1	6	SRSP
8	Dir Lower	41	41	41	100.0	73,626	46,574	51,387	10.3	-	2,038	2,262	11.0	2	SRSP
9	D.I.Khan	47	-	4	8.5	99,528	1,125	1,125	-	-	47	47	-	-	SRSP
10	Hangu	19	17	19	100.0	24,536	14,204	14,204	-	57.9	505	505	-	-	SRSP
11	Haripur	45	4	4	8.9	94,383	7,588	7,588	-	8.0	776	776	-	3	GBTI

Legend: OL (Overlapping)

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S. No.	Name of District	Total rural and Peri-Urban UCs in the District	Union Councils Having RSPs Presence			Total rural HHs in the District (1998 Census)	Households Organised				Community Organisations Formed			# of LSOs as of June 2016	RSP
			# as of June 2016	# as of Sep. 2016	% coverage as of Sep 2016		# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Sep 2016	# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr		
11	Haripur (overlapping)	45	45	45	100.0	94,383	45,516	46,076	1.2	48.8	1,527	1,567	2.6	25	SRSP
11	Haripur (overlapping)	45	2	2	4.4	94,383	5,039	5,039	-	5.3	325	325	-	-	NRSP
12	Karak	21	21	21	100.0	40,734	49,483	49,483	-	121.5	1,997	1,997	-	4	SRSP
13	Kohat	32	32	32	100.0	55,911	69,685	69,685	-	124.6	3,129	3,129	-	3	SRSP
14	Kohistan	38	38	38	100.0	74,041	36,610	36,610	-	49.4	2,375	2,375	-	6	SRSP
15	Lakki Marwat	33	22	22	66.7	48,700	1,535	1,535	-	-	57	57	-	-	SRSP
16	Malakand P.A	36	36	36	100.0	45,731	34,497	34,497	-	75.4	2,075	2,105	1.4	13	NRSP
16	Malakand P.A (OL)	28	28	28	100.0	45,731	31,671	34,072	7.6	74.5	1,348	1,400	3.9	4	SRSP
17	Mansehra	59	55	55	93.2	167,833	110,566	110,566	-	65.9	3,865	3,865	-	16	SRSP
18	Mardan	75	51	51	68.0	141,386	63,450	63,450	-	44.9	4,310	4,310	-	13	NRSP
18	Mardan (OL)	75	20	20	26.7	141,386	42,732	42,732	-	30.2	1,838	1,838	-	10	SRSP
19	Nowshera	48	10	10	20.8	84,851	19,857	19,857	-	23.4	857	857	-	5	SRSP
19	Nowshera (OL)	48	9	9	18.8	84,851	9,135	9,170	0.4	10.8	490	496	1.2	3	NRSP
20	Peshawar	67	17	17	25.4	132,070	17,651	17,651	-	13.4	861	961	11.6	5	SRSP
21	Shangla	28	28	28	100.0	53,994	52,611	56,119	6.7	103.9	2,837	2,981	5.1	6	SRSP
22	Swabi	55	6	6	10.9	112,083	9,823	9,823	-	8.8	850	850	-	3	GBTI
22	Swabi (OL)	55	39	39	70.9	112,083	35,935	36,072	0.4	32.2	2,054	2,107	2.6	15	NRSP
23	Swat	65	25	25	38.5	125,377	8,071	8,071	-	6.4	404	408	1.0	1	NRSP
23	Swat (OL)	67	67	67	100.0	125,377	60,460	65,207	7.9	52.0	3,074	3,282	6.8	8	SRSP
24	Tank	16	-	-	-	22,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Sub Total	980	666	714	72.9	1,889,904	1,132,680	1,155,433	2.0	61.1	51,916	53,073	2.2	212	
SINDH															
1	Badin	46	42	43	93.5	185,266	192,915	192,915	-	104.1	7,565	7,598	0.4	21	NRSP
2	Dadu	52	30	40	76.9	164,849	39,196	52,358	33.6	31.8	1,666	2,420	45.3	7	TRDP
3	Ghotki	46	37	37	80.4	158,489	120,767	120,767	-	76.2	6,961	6,961	-	20	SRSO
4	Hyderabad	37	12	12	32.4	128,856	11,979	11,979	-	9.3	725	725	-	-	NRSP
5	Jacobabad	40	29	29	72.5	90,682	84,893	84,893	-	93.6	5,074	5,074	-	26	SRSO
6	Jamshoro	28	12	16	57.1	88,816	28,719	37,866	31.8	42.6	650	1,150	76.9	3	TRDP
7	Karachi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Kashmore	37	37	37	100.0	110,969	80,345	80,345	-	72.4	4,710	4,710	-	29	SRSO
9	Khairpur	76	50	50	65.8	208,270	68,694	68,694	-	33.0	4,110	4,110	-	18	SRSO
10	Larkana	44	38	38	86.4	121,639	37,589	37,589	-	30.9	3,605	3,605	-	-	SRSO
11	Matiali	19	6	9	47.4	47,026	23,129	23,129	-	49.2	1,770	1,770	-	-	NRSP
12	Mirpur Khas	41	34	34	82.9	111,973	107,284	107,284	-	95.8	5,326	5,326	-	14	NRSP
13	Naushero Feroz	51	43	43	84.3	164,715	38,996	42,852	9.9	26.0	2,376	2,585	8.8	2	SRSO
14	Nawabshah	51	27	27	52.9	141,671	3,092	3,092	-	2.2	564	564	-	-	NRSP
15	Shahdad Kot	40	34	34	85.0	128,408	29,475	29,475	-	23.0	2,221	2,221	-	-	SRSO
16	Sanghar	55	13	13	23.6	209,191	16,500	16,500	-	7.9	860	860	-	1	SGA
17	Shikarpur	51	50	50	98.0	122,340	102,306	102,306	-	83.6	5,846	5,846	-	37	SRSO
17	Shikarpur (OL)	51	12	12	23.5	122,340	7,367	7,367	-	6.0	351	351	-	5	NRSP
18	Sukkur	46	26	26	56.5	78,458	37,856	37,941	0.2	48.4	2,705	2,710	0.2	6	SRSO
19	Tando Allahyar	19	4	8	42.1	47,082	21,838	21,838	-	46.4	1,673	1,673	-	4	NRSP
20	Tando Muhammad Khan	16	10	15	93.8	39,648	32,134	32,134	-	81.0	1,191	1,191	-	2	NRSP
21	Tharparkar	44	44	44	100.0	159,486	160,365	160,365	-	100.6	11,516	11,516	-	44	TRDP
22	Thatta	55	26	42	76.4	202,554	98,571	98,571	-	48.7	3,770	3,770	-	11	NRSP
23	Umer Kot (OL)	27	13	13	48.1	202,554	4,672	4,672	-	2.3	228	228	-	-	NRSP
23	Umer Kot	27	27	27	100.0	106,515	48,080	48,080	-	45.1	2,851	2,851	-	5	TRDP
22	Sub Total	972	631	674	69.3	2,939,243	1,396,762	1,423,012	1.9	48.4	78,314	79,815	1.9	255	

Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, District-wise RSPs Coverage/Outreach as of September 2016

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			# as of June 2016	# as of Sep. 2016	% coverage as of Sep 2016		# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Sep 2016	# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr		
PUNJAB															
1	Attock	65	12	12	18.5	164,849	19,104	19,104	-	11.6	1,637	1,637	-	10	GBTI
1	Attock (OL)	65	62	62	95.4	164,849	72,342	72,342	-	43.9	4,318	4,318	-	26	NRSP
2	Bahawalnagar	101	95	95	94.1	158,489	234,524	234,524	-	148.0	16,713	16,713	-	58	NRSP
3	Bahawalpur	97	79	79	81.4	128,856	292,730	292,730	-	227.2	19,670	19,670	-	60	NRSP
4	Bhakkar	42	31	38	90.5	90,682	162,572	162,572	-	179.3	11,302	11,302	-	33	NRSP
5	Chakwal	68	68	68	100.0	88,816	70,915	70,915	-	79.8	3,875	3,875	-	22	NRSP
6	Chiniot*	42	-	-	-	81,625	1,069	1,069	-	1.3	60	60	-	-	PRSP
6	Chiniot (OL)	42	33	33	78.6	81,625	4,414	4,536	2.8	5.6	382	401	5.0	-	NRSP
7	D G Khan	55	51	51	92.7	208,270	197,718	197,718	-	94.9	12,658	12,658	-	29	NRSP
7	D G Khan (OL)*	55	-	-	-	208,270	20,260	20,260	-	9.7	1,302	1,302	-	-	PRSP
8	Faisalabad	79	79	79	100.0	121,639	72,166	73,399	1.7	60.3	4,866	4,970	2.1	5	PRSP
9	Gujranwala	97	62	62	63.9	47,026	64,348	64,348	-	136.8	3,582	3,582	-	-	PRSP
9	Gujranwala (OL)	97	59	59	60.8	208,270	3,496	3,496	-	1.7	324	325	0.3	-	NRSP
10	Gujrat	87	35	35	40.2	111,973	59,155	59,997	1.4	53.6	3,798	3,863	1.7	9	PRSP
11	Hafiz Abad	40	16	16	40.0	164,715	35,912	36,503	1.6	22.2	2,263	2,303	1.8	4	PRSP
11	Hafiz Abad (OL)*	40	31	31	77.5	164,715	8,304	8,304	-	5.0	746	771	3.4	-	NRSP
12	Jhang	79	21	21	26.6	141,671	33,543	34,002	1.4	24.0	2,401	2,442	1.7	5	PRSP
13	Jhelum	50	33	34	68.0	128,408	49,058	49,090	0.1	38.2	2,446	2,463	0.7	5	NRSP
14	Kasur	89	14	14	15.7	122,340	13,855	14,097	1.7	11.5	1,096	1,118	2.0	-	PRSP
15	Khanewal	98	21	21	21.4	122,340	34,391	35,007	1.8	28.6	2,201	2,242	1.9	4	PRSP
15	Khanewal (OL)	98	70	70	71.4	78,458	17,775	17,775	-	22.7	1,662	1,662	-	-	NRSP
16	Khushab	49	44	44	89.8	47,082	148,171	148,171	-	314.7	8,497	8,497	-	41	NRSP
17	Lahore	31	31	31	100.0	39,648	48,786	49,486	1.4	124.8	3,483	3,550	1.9	8	PRSP
18	Layyah	44	28	28	63.6	159,486	137,150	138,057	0.7	86.6	9,164	9,223	0.6	11	PRSP
18	Layyah (OL)	44	11	13	29.5	159,486	11,390	12,142	6.6	7.6	674	714	5.9	1	NRSP
19	Lodhran	70	70	70	100.0	202,554	46,705	46,705	-	23.1	3,886	3,886	-	-	NRSP
19	Lodhran (OL)	70	9	9	12.9	202,554	12,050	12,644	4.9	6.2	871	912	4.7	4	PRSP
20	Mandi Bahauddin	65	53	54	83.1	106,515	44,987	45,796	1.8	43.0	3,021	3,084	2.1	6	PRSP
20	Mandi Bahauddin (OL)	65	37	40	61.5	106,515	2,482	3,030	22.1	2.8	155	207	33.5	-	NRSP
21	Mianwali	53	48	48	90.6	120,486	109,996	109,996	-	91.3	6,720	6,805	1.3	31	NRSP
22	Multan	69	22	22	31.9	261,678	35,212	35,212	-	13.5	2,382	2,382	-	-	PRSP
22	Multan (OL)	69	58	58	84.1	261,678	17,654	17,654	-	6.7	1,958	1,958	-	-	NRSP
23	Muzaffargarh	93	24	24	25.8	317,647	159,924	160,711	0.5	50.6	9,852	9,918	0.7	12	PRSP
23	Muzaffargarh (OL)	93	24	24	25.8	317,647	-	12,324	-	3.9	-	815	-	-	NRSP
24	Nanakana Sahib*	65	-	-	-	187,137	695	695	-	0.4	45	45	-	-	PRSP
25	Narowal	74	61	61	82.4	150,406	137,828	139,278	1.1	92.6	6,753	6,861	1.6	16	PRSP
26	Okara	111	27	27	24.3	270,191	45,593	46,582	2.2	17.2	3,084	3,148	2.1	4	PRSP
27	Pakpattan	63	24	24	38.1	174,888	31,013	31,659	2.1	18.1	2,129	2,172	2.0	6	PRSP
27	Pakpattan (OL)	63	54	54	85.7	174,888	12,295	12,295	-	7.0	1,486	1,486	-	-	NRSP
28	Rahim Yar Khan	103	58	58	56.3	338,677	97,332	97,332	-	28.7	8,817	8,817	-	3	NRSP
29	Rajanpur	44	41	41	93.2	133,182	126,188	126,188	-	94.7	9,342	9,437	1.0	25	NRSP
29	Rajanpur (OL)*	44	-	-	-	133,182	18,650	18,650	-	14.0	1,218	1,218	-	-	PRSP
30	Rawalpindi	62	62	62	100.0	256,911	117,846	117,846	-	45.9	6,616	6,630	0.2	36	NRSP
31	Sahiwal	83	39	39	47.0	227,413	56,773	57,878	1.9	25.5	3,700	3,772	1.9	13	PRSP
31	Sahiwal (OL)	83	52	52	62.7	227,413	12,414	12,414	-	5.5	1,201	1,201	-	-	NRSP
32	Sargodha	132	57	57	43.2	303,958	58,417	59,146	1.2	19.5	3,751	3,814	1.7	6	PRSP
32	Sargodha (OL)	132	123	123	93.2	303,958	22,646	22,646	-	7.5	2,038	2,061	1.1	2	NRSP
33	Sheikhupura	91	10	10	11.0	207,805	30,712	31,155	1.4	15.0	2,099	2,141	2.0	4	PRSP
34	Sialkot	94	87	87	92.6	275,204	195,437	197,456	1.0	71.7	8,956	9,105	1.7	25	PRSP

Legend: OL (Overlapping)

Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, District-wise RSPs Coverage/Outreach as of September 2016

S. No.	Name of District	Total rural and Peri-Urban UCs in the District	Union Councils Having RSPs Presence			Total rural HHs in the District (1998 Census)	Households Organised				Community Organisations Formed			# of LSOs as of June 2016	RSP
			# as of June 2016	# as of Sep. 2016	% coverage as of Sep 2016		# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Sep 2016	# as of June 2016	# as of Sep 2016	% increase during Qtr		
35	Toba Tek Singh	79	22	22	27.8	187,555	48,374	49,074	1.4	26.2	3,262	3,321	1.8	6	PRSP
35	Toba Tek Singh (OL)	79	61	61	77.2	187,555	13,594	13,594	-	7.2	1,545	1,545	-	-	NRSP
36	Vehari	87	80	80	92.0	257,583	39,089	39,089	-	15.2	3,149	3,149	-	-	NRSP
36	Sub Total	2,651	1,836	1,845	69.6	6,063,823	3,307,054	3,336,693	0.9	55.0	217,156	219,551	1.1	530	
AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR (AJK)															
1	Bagh	19	16	16	84.2	46,470	34,085	34,085	-	73.3	1,865	1,869	0.2	16	NRSP
1	Bagh (OL)	19	10	10	52.6	46,470	672	672	-	1.4	32	32	-	-	AJKRSP
2	Hattian	13	12	12	92.3	21,296	13,542	18,428	36.1	86.5	710	824	16.1	10	NRSP
2	Hattian (OL)	13	10	10	76.9	21,296	16,770	16,770	-	78.7	827	827	-	-	AJKRSP
3	Kotli	38	27	28	73.7	67,483	42,985	42,985	-	63.7	2,419	2,419	-	21	NRSP
3	Kotli (OL)	38	36	36	94.7	67,483	13,807	13,807	-	20.5	566	566	-	-	AJKRSP
4	Muzaffarabad	32	26	26	81.3	60,712	27,889	34,386	23.3	56.6	1,120	1,411	26.0	25	NRSP
4	Muzaffarabad (OL)	32	26	26	81.3	60,712	45,689	45,689	-	75.3	2,192	2,192	-	-	AJKRSP
5	Neelum	9	7	7	77.8	15,649	11,619	11,792	1.5	75.4	538	538	-	6	NRSP
5	Neelum (OL)	9	9	9	100.0	15,649	6,722	6,722	-	43.0	267	267	-	-	AJKRSP
6	Poonch (Rawalakot)	26	26	26	100.0	47,319	49,041	51,029	4.1	107.8	2,560	2,577	0.7	26	NRSP
6	Poonch (Rawalakot) (OL)	26	12	12	46.2	47,319	4,523	4,523	-	9.6	260	260	-	-	AJKRSP
7	Bhimber	18	18	18	100.0	54,333	5,541	5,541	-	10.2	227	227	-	-	AJKRSP
8	Sudhnoti	13	13	13	100.0	26,849	17,585	17,585	-	65.5	981	989	0.8	9	NRSP
9	Mirpur	22	15	15	68.2	40,208	8,596	8,596	-	21.4	379	379	-	-	AJKRSP
10	Forward Kahuta	9	9	9	100.0	18,651	13,327	13,327	-	71.5	841	841	-	8	NRSP
10	Sub Total	199	178	178	89.4	398,970	312,393	325,937	4.3	81.7	15,784	16,218	2.7	121	
GILGIT-BALTISTAN (GB)															
1	Astore	8	8	8	100.0	11,000	7,618	7,618	-	69.3	333	333	-	4	AKRSP
2	Diamir	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Ghanche	14	14	14	100.0	18,452	10,634	10,634	-	57.6	469	469	-	6	AKRSP
4	Ghizer	16	16	16	100.0	13,563	11,624	11,624	-	85.7	548	548	-	14	AKRSP
5	Gilgit	10	10	10	100.0	17,721	10,639	10,639	-	60.0	434	434	-	6	AKRSP
6	Hunza-Nagar	15	15	15	100.0	12,779	12,966	12,966	-	101.5	507	507	-	13	AKRSP
7	Skardu	31	31	31	100.0	35,134	25,342	25,342	-	72.1	1,093	1,093	-	14	AKRSP
6	Sub Total	103	94	94	91.3	108,650	78,823	78,823	-	72.5	3,384	3,384	-	57	
FEDERALLY ADMINISTERED TRIBAL AREA (FATA)/Frontier Regions (FRs)															
1	Bajaur Agency	37	3	3	8.1	65,410	9,366	10,128	8.1	15.5	346	389	12.4	2	SRSP
2	Khyber Agency	28	-	-	-	55,225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Kurram Agency	23	3	3	13.0	42,293	4,714	4,866	3.2	11.5	145	149	2.8	5	SRSP
4	Mohmand Agency	21	3	3	14.3	37,161	4,345	4,345	-	11.7	143	143	-	-	SRSP
5	North Waziristan Agency	22	-	-	-	39,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Orakzai Agency	15	-	-	-	25,618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	South Waziristan Agency	29	3	3	10.3	50,570	4,145	4,145	-	8.2	168	221	31.5	-	SRSP
8	T.A.Adj Lakki Marwat Distt	1	-	-	-	932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	T.A.Adj Bannu Distt	1	-	-	-	2,041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	T.A.Adj D.I.Khan Distt	3	-	-	-	5,492	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	T.A.Adj Kohat Distt	5	-	-	-	9,511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	T.A.Adj Peshawar Distt	3	3	3	100.0	6,118	1,738	1,738	-	28.4	116	116	-	2	SRSP
13	T.A.Adj Tank Distt	2	-	-	-	3,581	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Sub Total	190	15	15	7.9	343,650	24,308	25,222	3.8	7.3	918	1,018	10.9	9	
125	G. Total	5,684	3,766	3,870	68.1	12,602,315	6,647,202	6,745,144	1.5	53.5	386,062	397,076	2.9	1,334	

Legend: OL (Overlapping)

Training on Peace Building & Community Cohesion



RSPN organised a training on Peace Building & Community Cohesion for the staff of SUCCESS Programme of RSPN and partner Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) on December 22 and 23, 2016 in Hyderabad, Sindh. Dr. Amineh Hoti, Executive Director of Centre for Dialogue and Action (CD&A), was the resource person of the training while Mr. Ibrahim Hoti assisted her. Mr. Muhammad Ali Azizi, Specialist Social Mobilisation RSPN, also facilitated the training. Twenty two officials including Programme Manager SUCCESS from Sindh Rural Support Organisation (SRSO), District Managers, Training Officers and other relevant SUCCESS staff from National Rural Support Programme (NRSP), Thardeep Rural Development Programme (TRDP) and SRSO attended the training.

The objective of this exclusive training event was to take the learnings of RSPN and RSPs' initiatives of peace building and support to communities for resolving disputes at scale. Therefore RSPN decided to develop a module on peace and tolerance and include it in the regular activists' training courses.

A memorandum of understanding (MoU) was signed between RSPN and the CD&A, Islamabad. The objective of the collaboration as well as this particular training was to seek CD&A's support on developing training material and train master trainers for RSPN and SUCCESS partner RSPs to teach and disseminate knowledge on peace building focusing on community cohesion, positivity, tolerance, compassion, pluralism, coexistence and respect for humanity, dealing with diversity in everyday life, with tools of diversity, to broaden horizon and change the mind sets of the participants.

On the basis of this workshop, CD&A will develop a Community Awareness Toolkit (CAT) with RSPN for capacity building at local level.

RSPN joins hand with OSF for legal equality

RSPN and Open Society Foundations (OSF) has collaborated to launch a project 'Capacity building of paralegals in rural areas of Pakistan'. In a pilot phase, the project is being implemented in eight union councils

of the districts of Bahawalpur and Rajanpur through National Rural Support Programmes (NRSP). The project focuses on building capacity of the staff of the Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) and community members including women and men to work as paralegals in rural communities.

The project has three components, all focusing on building a nationwide network of basic legal services. In the first component, it describes key steps to build the capacity of RSPs' staff and communities on legal empowerment as paralegals with technical support of Foundation Open Society Institute - Pakistan (FOSIP). RSPN, in the second component, will support training for a cadre of lead trainers to be employed across the country in a number of programmes. The third component comprises research on basic legal services infrastructure of Pakistan and how it can be improved to become an ideal model.

RSPs adopted a model of integrating legal services into its broader work with communities. The model RSPs has developed combines community-based volunteer paralegals, already embedded in and committed to helping their communities, supported by social organisers and lawyers. The efforts seek to empower vulnerable communities, particularly women, to access just solutions to their problems, strive to prevent upsurge of disputes, enhance interaction with and support to the government agencies.

The legal issues varies from civil documentation, forced marriages, early marriage, inheritance cases, and domestic violence to consumers' issues. The paralegals, after receiving extensive training by RSPN and RSPs, are capable to facilitate women and men communities to resolve their own legal issues through legal and procedural information, referral, assistance, mediation, negotiation and considering the due process of law. During last six months, community based paralegals have the assisted communities to settle as many as 330 cases. The women paralegals have been equally efficient in specifically dealing with most of women related cases. The staff and paralegals are also creating awareness through sessions in the community on civil documentation and procedures, women rights and consumer rights.

Seminar calls for awareness on blood donation

The project team of RSPN's USAID funded Maternal Child Health Integrated Program (MCHIP) arranged a seminar on voluntary non-remunerated blood donation on December 27, 2016 in Umerkot for creating awareness on the importance of donating blood, promoting voluntary blood donation and motivating those who do not donate blood. The seminar was attended by government officials, students, volunteers, stakeholders and programme team from MCHIP Karachi.

Dr. Imtiaz Ali Memon, District Coordinator MCHIP, spoke on the importance of blood donation and how it could save the lives of those who require safe blood transfusion. He said that voluntary unpaid blood donation was like an act of giving life to another person and it was important to donate blood to help hospitals meet the escalating need of safe blood. Later, Mr. Khalid Ishaque, Project Manager MCHIP, briefed in detail about the MCHIP interventions. Religious perspective of donating blood was also highlighted to encourage community members for donating blood.

RSPN, PSI bond continues to provide reproductive health services to communities

RSPN, entered into partnership with Population Services International (PSI) in April 2015, a continuation of the project implemented through Greenstar Social Marketing (GSM), to provide reproductive health services to communities through social marketing. The project was implemented by partner Rural Support Programmes: National Rural Support Program (NRSP) and Punjab Rural Support Program (PRSP). The project covered

a population of 900, 000 in three districts of Punjab including Bahawalpur, Rahim Yar Khan and Jhang.

In a bid to continue the remarkable services provided to the communities, PSI extended the partnership till June 2017 with scaling up the 'Provision of Reproductive Health Services through Social Marketing' project to ten districts of Sindh. RSPN will now reach out to the population of three million in 381 union councils of 13 districts by engaging 1050 women Community Resource Persons (RSPs) and 1500 Community Health Workers (CHWs).

The extension phase will be implemented through NRSP, PRSP, Sindh Rural Support Organisation (SRSO) and Thardeep Rural Development Programme (TRDP). The project aims to improve the quality of life of rural poor women and children in Pakistan by fostering an environment for women, girls and men which is conducive to making informed choices for their reproductive health, increasing the availability of quality reproductive health products and services with a focus on rural areas and demand creation for reproductive health services and birth spacing utilising the proven model of social mobilisation.

Institutional support to RSPs on M&E and poverty targeting



Workshop at AKRSP



Workshop at BRSP

RSPN's engagement with the Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in strengthening Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E) systems is an ongoing part of our work. RSPN provided technical assistance to the Aga Khan Rural Support Programme (AKRSP) on adopting improved poverty targeting mechanism in an upcoming Gilgit-Baltistan-Chitral (GBC) Strategy Programme to be implemented in seven selected valleys. RSPN's M&E Specialist Khurram Shahzad facilitated a day long training session on October 5, which comprised an overview of importance and methodology of undertaking poverty scorecard survey in selected valleys along with its pre and post programme implications, its linkages with other programme activities and a deeper understanding of the poverty bands.

RSPN's M&E section also facilitated the Baluchistan Rural Support Programme (BRSP) in revisiting their M&E and MIS functions. A two-day training session on the

basic concepts of M&E, developing and managing M&E framework for projects and programmes was conducted for BRSP's M&E staff and programme management team, at BRSP head office in Quetta from November 29 to 30, 2016.

WHO WE ARE

The Rural Support Programmes Network is the largest development network of Pakistan, with an outreach to over 43 million rural Pakistanis.

It consists of 11 member Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) that espouse a common approach to rural development: social mobilisation.

Social mobilisation centres around the belief that poor people have an innate potential to help themselves, that they can better manage their limited resources if they organise and are provided technical and financial support. The RSPs provide social guidance, and technical and financial assistance to the rural poor. RSPN is the strategic platform for the RSPs: it provides capacity building support to them, and assists them in policy advocacy and donor linkages.

